(XXXIXth. YEAR.) THE (No. 1921.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1783.

PETERWARADIN, *July* 1.

ALTHOUGH eight regiments of foot, four of horſe, and eleven battalions of national Sclavonians, as alſo the corps of Tſchaikites, are actually aſſembled on the frontiers of Boſnia, we learn that the Turks are draining that province, and are marching 25,000 Boſnians towards the Black Sea; which ſuppoſes them certain of having nothing to fear on that ſide. All their fortreſſes are now well provided with troops; and 30,000 Arnautes and Albanians in arms, wait only for a ſignal to march to whatever ſide the Porte ſhall judge neceſſary.

Notwithſtanding theſe movements, which ſeem preparatory to approaching hoſtilities between the Porte and Ruſſia, it is thought they will not commence ſo ſoon, ſince we have learnt that the plague has broke out in the environs of Oczakow.

PARIS, *Auguſt* 1. We learn from Auvergne, that the melting of the ſnow in March laſt, and the plentiful rains that followed until June, had ſo far undermined the Valbeleix, a mountain near Beſſe, that a chain of rocks cut with a pick-ax, almoſt 80 toiſes in heighth, remained uncovered, and ready to break off, threatening with deſtruction the village de la Vallette that ſtands underneath. On a petition being preſented to the intendant of the province, the 2d of June, by the inhabitants, ſuch preciſe orders were given, and their execution was ſo ſpeedy, that by the 28th of the ſame month, this chain of rocks was entirely taken down, and the place cleared without the leaſt accident having happened.

LONDON, *July* 16.

The exports from France to America, from the firſt of February to the firſt of June, were eſtimated to the enormous ſum of twelve hundred thouſand pounds ſterling.

The ſpeech of his majeſty, at the concluſion of the ſeſſion, compared with his ſpeech at the opening, is a finiſhed exemplary of the ſimple ſtile, in oppoſition to the inflated. The ſpeech at the opening promiſed more than any miniſter could have performed; the preſent ſpeech promiſed nothing. The ſpeech at the opening marched upon ſtilts; the preſent creeps on the ground. The ſpeech at the opening was dreſſed in ſilk and embroidery, and like the land of Canaan, ſeemed to flow with milk and honey; the preſent is ſtark naked; that was in the higheſt ſtrain of poetry, abundant in its fictions; this in the ſobereſt ſtrain of proſe, parſimonious even of its facts. That diſpleaſed for ſaying too much; this diſpleaſes for ſaying too little. That was criticiſed for bullying, cringing, courting, and ſcandalizing, all in a breath; this is objected to becauſe it does neither the one thing nor the other, it neither ſooths nor afflicts, it neither elevates nor depreſſes the mind; no one can ſay there is any harm in it; and no one, however clear ſighted, can diſcover any good.

July 17. A ſubſcription is going forward among ſome men of large fortune, for raiſing the ſum of £.16,000 to fit out a ſhip for a voyage of ſcience in the South ſeas, and round the world. Some of the principal of the literati are engaged, in order that obſervations and experiments may be made in every branch of human knowledge. It is to include an attempt to reach at the North Pole. A party by land, for the ſake of obſervations, are to croſs the continent of North-America, to meet the ſhip at the port of Sir Francis Drake, to the north of California. Sir Joſeph Banks, and Dr. Heberden, are in the ſubſcription, and Dr. Prieſtly is to make the voyage. Lord Shelburne offers to be at the expence of ſending a naturaliſt by land from Peterſburgh to Kamſchatka, to meet the ſhip there alſo. A ſettlement is to be made, and left at New-Zealand, merely for the purpoſe of cultivating and making experiments on the New-Zealand hemp, and other curious plants, which may be examined by reſiding two or three years there.

A farmer near Linton, in Cambridgeſhire, who had a young daughter, an infant in arms, of whom he was exceedingly fond, would not go into the hay-field without her. Taking a fork to do ſomething with his men, he laid the child down on his coat under a tree. Preſently hearing her ſhriek, he ran and found a large viper had twined round her neck, and bit her in the boſom; ſhe died the ſame evening in great agonies, upon which the farmer went into the field and hanged himſelf upon the tree under which the accident had happened.

The curate anſwered.—A certain French clergyman was beginning to catechiſe ſome young perſons in public, and aſked a young girl who ſtood firſt in the row, "what ſhe took care to do firſt in the morning? The girl heſitated, and bluſhed. The inſtructor, concluding ſhe did not chooſe to boaſt of ſaying her prayers, told her that ſhe ſhould not be aſhamed, but might very properly give the true anſwer to his queſtion. Notwithſtanding this, he preſſed the queſtion in vain for ſome time. At laſt, ſaid the girl, with the utmoſt ſimplicity, *Monſieur, je prens le pot de chambre.*

July 22. In conſequence of the biſhop of Cheſter's benevolent plan for the civilization of the negroes, we hear, a gentleman of extenſive property in the iſland of Barbados, has directed all his ſlaves to be baptiſed, and allotted them one day in a week to work for themſelves, or if they chooſe to work for their maſter on that day, they are to receive the wages of freemen. Sunday is alſo to be devoted, by the overſeers of this worthy planter, to the inſtruction of his negroes in the principles of religion and mortality. Upon a late calculation, the number of the negroes in our Weſt-India iſlands are found to be nearly as follows:

In Jamaica	174,000
Barbados	81,000
Antigua	36,500
Grenada and the Grenadines	31,000
St. Kitt's	27,000
St. Vincent's	14,000
Dominica	13,500
Nevis	10,000
Montſerrat	9,000
Anguilla, Tortola, &c.	14,000
Total	410,000

A certain old counteſs at Bruſſels, whoſe dignity required three footmen, though her fortune only admitted one, luckily hit upon an expedient which at once gratified her ſtate, and ſaved expences: ſhe gave orders for making two effigies of footmen ſtuffed with hay, and dreſſed in her ladyſhip's livery, which being ingeniouſly faſtened to the back of the carriage, enabled her, with the addition of the real ſervant, to make a very reſpectable appearance for ſome time. There happened, however, one day, as her ladyſhip was driving round the ring, to be a general ſtoppage of carriages, and the live man being called from his poſt to carry a meſſage to a lady in another carriage at ſome diſtance, the horſes that were behind the coach happening to diſcover the diſpoſition of her ladyſhip's two ſupernumeraries, began without ceremony to attack them. A countryman paſſing by at the ſame inſtant, and obſerving the havock that was making, informed her ladyſhip, with great ſimplicity, that the horſes behind had entirely eat up the b——ſide of one of her ladyſhip's footmen, and had juſt begun upon the other.

July 30. Plague, earthquakes, famine, prevail in various parts of the globe: how conſiderate is it of the princes of the earth to wiſh to add war to theſe evils! are they dæmons? no, Pluto diſclaims them, and ſays indignant, "they are men!!!"

Auguſt 7. It appears from the laſt accounts which have been brought from Philadelphia, that woollen and linen goods, wines, haberdaſhery, and many other European articles, ſold in May laſt full thirty per cent. cheaper in that city than they are now ſold in London.

Let but commerce extend itſelf as amply as liberal laws of trade will allow. Let emigration be counteracted by equivalent allotments at home. Let the waſte lands be ſold and cultivated, the land-tax equaliſed, and the poor rates gradually aboliſhed. And where could the line be drawn on the proſperity of Great-Britain? The national debt would gradually be liquidated, the national burthens would annually ſhrink. Individual and general ability, thus augmented, would become capable of more vigorous exertions, and get within our reach every object great in ſucceſs, and high in fame.

Some of the American officers are now in London, who excited the ſoldiers at Philadelphia to proceed to the extremity in demanding their arrears. Thoſe officers left the continent with precipitation; but it is highly improbable that they ſhould return to America in a hurry.

Aug. 9. It is ſaid that two illuſtrious young ladies have received propoſals of marriage, through the medium of their royal parents: and that they came from German princes.

A late governor of ———, tired of war's alarms, on his return to England, had purchaſed a villa in the vicinity of Greenwich, intending to enjoy for the remainder of his days, "*otium cum dignitate*;" and his lady being of an œconomical turn, and deſirous of furniſhing the ſaid villa on the cheapeſt terms, made a point of frequenting every auction in the neighbourhood, for the purpoſe of picking up dead bargains. It ſo happened, that the wife of a gardener, a new neighbour of her ladyſhip, was conſtantly led to the ſame places with a ſimilar view; and whether it was that the taſte of the latter was guided by that of the former, or that the fancies of both ladies run in exact parallel, we will not pretend to determine; but ſo it was, the ſame articles invariably caught the choice of both, and they were inſtantly competitors in the conteſt of bidding, (to the no ſmall diverſion of the auctioneer) in which, however, the gardener's wife, either from a ſpirit of ambition or liberality, or taſte, or oppoſition, conſtantly bore away the prize, which ſo chagrined her ladyſhip, that ſhe at length gave vent to her feelings in a contemptuous remark, loud enough to be heard by the whole room, "that 'twas very extraordinary the wife of a cabbage-ſeller ſhould have the aſſurance to cope with *her* in taſte and expence!" to which the other, advancing up to her ladyſhip's breaſt-work, replied, "*True, Madam, my huſband* DOES *ſell* CABBAGES, *but he does not ſell* ISLANDS."

Aug. 11. The emperor of Germany, who has for ſome time paſt ſupported a military eſtabliſhment of upwards of 300,000 men, has marched ſeveral bodies of troops upon the frontiers of the Porte. His demands are a free trade up the Archipelago and to the Black Sea; and that the princes of Moldavia and Wallachia ſhall be guarantied by the Ottomans in the full enjoyment of their religious and political rights.—As the grand ſenior is not in a condition to oppoſe his enemies, it is highly probable the emperor's claims will be ſubmitted to.

Ireland, by inculcating the glorious ſpirit of toleration, has united the once diſtracted inhabitants of that country into an indiſſoluble maſs, and promoted the moſt exalted reverence for the laws. This is a fact, which exhibits a ſplendid and intereſting figure in the annals of the age.

The king of France has ordered an exact enumeration of all the people of France to be taken, diſtinguiſhing them into claſſes of profeſſion. Such a meaſure (ſays a correſpondent) ought to be adopted in this kingdom.

Extract of a letter from Breſt, July 26.

"Every thing goes on here as in time of war. The two laſt ſlutes armed here, that were deſtined for the north, are not to go: we are loading them with maſts and timber of every kind ready for uſe, ſails and rigging, deſtined for Toulon."

Sir William Hamilton, his majeſty's reſident at Naples, has made a tour on purpoſe to Meſſina and Calabria, to viſit thoſe unfortunate places, lately deſtroyed by earthquakes: a detail of his journey, and all his curious obſervations, have been remitted in letters to the royal ſociety, and will ſoon be laid before the public in their next periodical publication. It is generally believed, upon the moſt accurate calculations, that 40,000 inhabitants have periſhed.

Extract of a letter from Berlin, July 15.

"The frontiers of Weſt Pruſſia have been lined by 50,000 Pruſſian troops, immediately after the review at Stargard.

"We cannot yet determine with preciſion, the part that our illuſtrious monarch will take in the war that ſeems ready to break out; but we have not the leaſt doubt that this able politician has a ſecret influence on the deliberations of the cabinets of Vienna and Peterſburgh. It is well known that he directed all the ſteps of the Czar Peter III. and that he has kept up his credit with Catherine the II. ever ſince ſhe aſcended the throne: we cannot perſuade ourſelves but what he muſt be ſenſible how much it is his intereſt to keep Ruſſia and Turkey within their antient boundaries. An elevated genius, a quick judgment, an eye as penetrating in politics as in war, an experience of fifty years, enterprizes continually crowned with ſucceſs, the art of varying his treaties and alliances in ſuch a manner, as to gain more by changing friends than wianing battles: Such are the traits that characteriſe a king, who will ever be reckoned among the number of the greateſt men that have governed Europe. Such a prince will not remain idle in a buſineſs that ſo nearly concerns him. Would the partition of Poland have taken place, if he had not a good ſhare of it? Is not that partition a fault? and has it not weakened too much the barrier that naturally prevented the too great extention of three powers, whoſe forces and reſources ought to alarm all the others? We ſhall take care not to pronounce upon theſe queſtions, which we only mention, as they may ſerve for a judgment reſpecting the war now expected, and the remote cauſes that threaten to kindle it forthwith, if our ſovereign in concert with the weſtern powers, does not contribute to prevent the diſmemberment of the Turkiſh empire."

Extract of a letter from Peterſburgh, June 20.

"If we give credit to ſome letters from Hungary, we ſhall not admire the tactics of the Turks, nor their manner of encamping. They repreſent the camp of the Spahis, as a heap of tents, barracks and caves, higgeldy-piggeldy, without lines or intervals. But it is to be preſumed, that the docility with which the Turks receive the inſtructions of the European officers, will in a little time eſtabliſh order among them. The baſhaw of Boſnia, who reſides at Trannick, received, the 25th of laſt month, a firman from the Porte, in conſequence of which he redoubled his activity, and ſent orders to the Spahis, in the neighbouring places, to hold themſelves in readineſs to march towards Widdin, a place ſituated on the Danube, between Nicopoli and Belgrade. The inhabitants of that province, which was formerly a little kingdom, are named Bochnacks. They are brave warriors, full of honour."

KINGSTON, *(Jamaica) September* 20.

By a French gentleman lately from Hiſpaniola we are informed, that no American veſſels are now ſuffered to enter the ports of that iſland; or at leaſt under ſuch ſevere reſtrictions as amount to a prohibition. A tax of 33 per cent. on the value of all goods imported in American built veſſels, and navigated by American ſeamen, we underſtand to be one of impoſts.

By the ſame channel we learn, that thoſe meaſures are adopted, in conſequence of a propoſition from the Britiſh court to that of France; it appearing expedient to each of thoſe courts, for the preſent, to confine the trade of their colonies as much as poſſible to their own ſubjects, and their veſſels. The conduct of Spain in this inſtance, the public has long ſince been acquainted with.

SALEM, *October* 9.

The tranſport ſhip Martha, from New-York, bound to St. John's, was caſt away on a ledge of rocks, at the mouth of Lobſter bay, near the Mud iſlands, on the 23d of September. She had on board about 100 men, women, and children, of the Maryland loyaliſts; out of which number 42 only were ſaved. There were alſo on board between 60 and 90 of the 2d battalion of Delancey's brigade, of whom 23 only eſcaped. The long boat was ſtove as ſhe went over the ſide, by the main-maſt falling on her; after which the maſter (——

willis) went off, by the moſt cruel of all cheats, with the ſmall boats, and a few ſeamen and ſix ſoldiers, who ſwam after the boats, leaving the unhappy ſouls on board to their fate, without a proſpect of relief from any quarter. Providentially, the ſecond day after, four fiſhing boats came into the bay belonging to Marblehead, Cape Ann, and Salem, and took up from various rafts to the number of 65 perſons, who were juſt on the verge of periſhing, and landed them ſafe at Yarmouth, a ſmall ſettlement at the head of the bay.

BOSTON, *October* 16.

Laſt Thurſday night, we had here the ſevereſt north-eaſt ſtorm, that has been felt for a great number of years: in it, a polacre ſhip and a ſchooner, both lying off the end of long wharf, ſunk; but providentially no lives were loſt in either. The ſchooner has ſince been weighed, but the ſhip, it is feared, will not be recovered. She was loaded chiefly with wine. A ſchooner alſo, outward bound for Halifax, laden with roots, &c. ſunk at Miller's wharf.

CHATHAM, *October* 22.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Fiſh-Kill, dated October 12, *to his friend in Morris-town.*

The whig mechanics, who were formerly reſidents in the city, are forming an aſſociation for the purpoſe of re-eſtabliſhing themſelves, and baniſhing the tories, who may have the audacity to remain there after their Britiſh friends have left them."

Quere. Would it not be proper for the mechanics (from the city of New-York) who are diſperſed in the ſeveral parts of your ſtate, to enter into a ſimilar aſſociation, ſo as to be ready to join their brethren (immediately on the evacuation) for ſo laudable a purpoſe?

The board of commiſſioners, in New-York, for adjuſting matters of debt, &c, will attend buſineſs until the 30th inſtant, after which day no further proceſs will iſſue. This is ominous of a ſpeedy evacuation.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 28.

Extract of a letter from Kingſton, Jamaica, dated September 25.

"We are here all in great ſuſpenſe as to the late order in council, reſpecting our intercourſe with America. It is conceived to be conſtruable into an excluſion of the trade of that country with the Weſt-India iſlands on American bottoms. I ſuppoſe it will occaſion a reciprocity of prevention on the part of the continent, and thence will enſue an entire ſtagnation of every friendly intimacy between the two countries."

The ſchooner Molly, captain Burrows, arrived in our river on Sunday morning from Grenada, after a very boiſterous paſſage of 29 days. A gentleman in this city has received a letter by this veſſel from his friend in Grenada, informing that a packet had arrived at St. Lucia from England, which brings advice of the definitive treaty not being ſigned at the time of her ſailing, and that there was no relaxation from the means of renewing the war.

It is to be obſerved, that no mention is made of the length of the paſſage of this packet; ſo that we may already have had as late advices from Europe as ſhe brought to St. Lucia.

On Sunday ſe'nnight a ſchooner from this port for Grenada, ſuppoſed to be the Bachelor, captain Stein, was drove a ſhore at Cape May, in a gale of wind at N. W.

On Wedneſday afternoon, as two boys were playing on the commons, one of them was fired at by a ſportſman, and killed on the ſpot. The perpetrator of the fact is yet undiſcovered. There were two of the gunners in company, one with a green and the other with a blue coat on, and had with them a dog.

By the UNITED STATES in CONGRESS aſſembled.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it hath pleaſed the Supreme Ruler of all human events to diſpoſe the hearts of the late belligerent powers to put a period to the effuſion of human blood, by proclaiming a ceſſation of all hoſtilities by ſea and land; and theſe United States are not only happily reſcued from the dangers and calamities to which they have been ſo long expoſed, but their freedom, ſovereignty, and independence, ultimately acknowledged: AND WHEREAS, in the progreſs of a conteſt, on which the moſt eſſential rights of human nature depended, the interpoſition of Divine Providence in our favour hath been moſt abundantly and moſt graciouſly manifeſted, and the citizens of theſe United States have every reaſon for praiſe and gratitude to the God of their ſalvation: IMPRESSED, THEREFORE, with an exalted ſenſe of the bleſſings by which we are ſurrounded, and of our entire dependence on that Almighty Being, from whoſe goodneſs and bounty they are derived; the United States in congreſs aſſembled do recommend it to the ſeveral ſtates to ſet apart the SECOND THURSDAY IN DECEMBER next as a day of public thankſgiving; that all the people may then aſſemble to celebrate, with grateful hearts and united voices, the praiſes of their Supreme and all Bountiful Benefactor, for his numberleſs favours and mercies: that he hath been pleaſed to conduct us in ſafety through all the perils and viciſſitudes of the war: that he hath given us unanimity and reſolution to adhere to our juſt rights: that he hath raiſed up a powerful ally to aſſiſt us in ſupporting them, and hath ſo far crowned our united efforts with ſucceſs, that in the courſe of the preſent year hoſtilities have ceaſed, and we are left in the undiſputed poſſeſſion of our liberties and independence, and of the fruits of our own lands, and in the free participation of the treaſures of the ſea: that he hath proſpered the labour of our huſbandmen with plentiful harveſts: and above all, that he hath been pleaſed to continue to us the light of the bleſſed goſpel, and ſecured to us, in the fulleſt extent, the rights of conſcience, in faith and worſhip. And while our hearts overflow with gratitude, and our lips ſet forth the praiſes of our great Creator, that we alſo offer up fervent applications, that it may pleaſe him to pardon all our offences, to give wiſdom and unanimity to our public councils, to cement all our citizens in the bonds of affection, and to inſpire them with an earneſt regard for the national honour and intereſt, to enable them to improve the days of proſperity by every good work, and to be lovers of peace and tranquillity: that he may be pleaſed to bleſs us in our huſbandry, our commerce and navigation, to ſmile upon our ſeminaries and means of education, to cauſe pure religion and virtue to flouriſh, to give peace to all nations, and to fill the world with his glory.

DONE by the United States in congreſs aſſembled. Witneſs his excellency ELIAS BOUDINOT, our preſident, this eighteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three, and of the ſovereignty and independence of the United States of America the eighth.

ELIAS BOUDINOT, preſident.

CHARLES THOMSON, ſecretary.

By the UNITED STATES in CONGRESS aſſembled.

A PROCLAMATION,

WHEREAS in the progreſs of an arduous and difficult war, the armies of the United States of America have eminently diſplayed every military and patriotic virtue, and are not leſs to be applauded for their fortitude and magnanimity in the moſt trying ſcenes of diſtreſs, than for a ſeries of heroic and illuſtrious atchievements, which exalt them to a high rank among the moſt zealous and ſucceſsful defenders of the rights and liberties of mankind; AND WHEREAS, by the bleſſing of Divine Providence on our cauſe and our arms, the glorious period is arrived when our national independence and ſovereignty are eſtabliſhed, and we enjoy the proſpect of a permanent and honourable peace; WE THEREFORE, the United States in congreſs aſſembled, thus impreſſed with a lively ſenſe of the diſtinguiſhed merit and good conduct of the ſaid armies, do give them the thanks of their country for their long, eminent, and faithful ſervices. AND it is our will and pleaſure, that ſuch part of the federal armies as ſtands engaged to ſerve during the war, and as, by our acts of the twenty-ſixth day of May, the eleventh day of June, the ninth day of Auguſt, and twenty ſixth day of September, laſt, were furloughed, ſhall, from and after the third day of November next, be abſolutely diſcharged, by virtue of this our proclamation, from the ſaid ſervice. AND we do alſo declare, that the further ſervices in the field, of the officers who are deranged and on furlough, in conſequence of our aforeſaid acts, can now be diſpenſed with; and they have our full permiſſion to retire from ſervice without being longer liable, from their preſent engagements, to be called into command: and of ſuch diſcharge and permiſſion to retire from ſervice reſpectively, all our officers civil and military, and all others whom it may concern, are required to take notice, and to govern themſelves accordingly.

GIVEN under the ſeal of the United States in Congreſs aſſembled. Witneſs his excellency ELIAS BOUDINOT, Eſquire, our preſident, in Congreſs, this eighteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three, and of the ſovereignty and independence of the United States of America the eighth.

ELIAS BOUDINOT, preſident.

CHARLES THOMSON, ſecretary.

CHARLES-TOWN, *(S. C.) October* 15.

Great damage has been done by the late ſtorm in Wilmington, North-Carolina, by the tide breaking in upon the ſtores and cellars; a great quantity of ſalt, in particular, has been deſtroyed, the price of which in conſequence immediately roſe from half a dollar to two dollars a buſhel.

Undoubted intelligence has been received from Auguſtine, of a party of M'Gift's followers purpoſing to viſit the Wateree and Congaree rivers, to ſteal horſes.

ANNAPOLIS, *November 6.*

On Tueſday the Jockey club purſe of ſixty guineas was run for over the courſe near this city, and won by Dr. Bowie's bay horſe Buckſkin.

Yeſterday the ſubſcription purſe of ſeventy pounds was won by Mr. Clayton's bay horſe Morick Ball.

And this day the ſubſcription purſe of thirty pounds was won by Mr. Deakins's ſorrel horſe Fayette.

A treaty of amity and commerce was concluded at Paris on the 3d day of April laſt, between his majeſty the king of Sweden, of the Goths and Vandals, &c. &c. and the Thirteen United States of America. This important and intereſting tranſaction was accompliſhed by the honourable Benjamin Franklin, Eſq; and count Guſtavus Philip de Creutz, miniſters plenipotentiaries from the reſpective powers, and is to continue in full force and effect for the ſpace of fifteen years, from the day of the ratification, renewable at the expiration of that term.

On Tueſday the 21ſt inſtant, the United States in Congreſs aſſembled paſſed the following reſolution:

"Whereas there is reaſon to expect that the providing buildings for the alternate reſidence of congreſs in two places, will be productive of the moſt ſalutary effects, by ſecuring the mutual confidence and affections of the ſtates:

"*Reſolved*, That buildings be likewiſe erected for the uſe of congreſs, at or near the lower falls of Patowmack or George-town, provided a ſuitable diſtrict on the banks of the river can be procured for a federal town, and the right of ſoil, and an excluſive juriſdiction, or ſuch other as congreſs may direct, ſhall be veſted in the United States; and that until the buildings to be erected on the banks of the Delaware and Patowmack ſhall be prepared for the reception of congreſs, their reſidence ſhall be alternately, at equal periods of not more than one year and not leſs than ſix months, in Trenton and Annapolis; and the preſident is hereby authoriſed and directed to adjourn congreſs, on the 12th day of November next, to meet at Annapolis on the 26th of the ſame month, for the diſpatch of public buſineſs."

Advice is received at London, from Canton in China, that an engineer named Borney, a native of the Iſle of France, has invented an inſtrument for the diſcovery of longitude; it is not much larger than a common quadrant, and what adds to its value is, that a child may uſe it, and the longitude may be found by it, by obſerving the ſun at noon, with as little difficulty as the latitude is by the quadrant. This great diſcovery will render the name of Borney immortal, and eclipſe that of all former aſtronomers.

October 30, 1783.

THE Officers of the Maryland Line, upon the preſent and half pay eſtabliſhments, are requeſted to meet at Annapolis on the 20th *day of November next; when ſeveral matters very intereſting to the line in general will be communicated, and neceſſarily brought under conſideration.*

W. SMALLWOOD, M. G.

Piſcataway, Prince-George's county, Oct. 28, 1783.

HAVING received a further ſum in notes iſſued by the hon. Robert Morris, in order to complete the payment of the officers and ſoldiers of the ſecond Maryland regiment, for pay due them for the months of February, March, and April laſt, and alſo an additional ſum for the month of January: Thoſe, therefore, of the above regiment, who have not already received their notes, are deſired to call upon the ſubſcriber at Piſcataway, or otherwiſe ſuch to whom it may be more convenient, are requeſted to rendezvous at Frederick-town on the firſt day of December next, where attendance will be given.

HORATIO CLAGETT, captain Maryland line.

Annapolis, October 25, 1783.

THE commiſſioner appointed to ſettle the accounts between the United States and the ſtate of Maryland, and to liquidate and ſettle in ſpecie value, all certificates given for ſupplies by public officers, to individuals, and other claims againſt the United States by individuals; for ſupplies furniſhed the army, the tranſportation thereof, and contingent expences thereon, within the ſaid ſtate: Gives notice, that he will attend at his office in this city, from eight o'clock in the morning till four in the afternoon, to liquidate and ſettle the claims of ſuch citizens as can conveniently apply: and that he will alſo attend in ſundry diſtricts throughout the ſtate, of which public notice will be given, at the court-houſes in the ſaid diſtricts.

Maryland, November 3, 1783.

THE ſubſcriber, aſſignee of William Stevenſon, late of Briſtol (bankrupt), having recorded a copy of the commiſſion, and given bond with ſecurity to the chancellor for payment of the country debts, agreeable to the act of aſſembly, requeſts all perſons indebted to the eſtate of the ſaid William Stevenſon to ſettle and pay off their reſpective debts, and thoſe who have any legal claims againſt it to furniſh him with the ſame, that they may be ſatisfied as faſt as the effects come into his hands.

DANIEL CHESTON.

Montgomery county, Nov. 1, 1783.

WHEREAS Chriſtopher Cookindorfer received a bond from me dated June 7, 1783, *the conditions whereof are not complied with; theſe are therefore to give notice to all perſons not to take any aſſignment of ſaid bond, as I am determined not to pay any of the contents thereof.*

KING ENGLISH.

Maryland, Charles county, October 27, 1783.

ON the 24th inſt. at night, as a certain Thomas Green was bringing a negro man of mine named GEORGE, from Cheſter county gaol, in Pennſylvania, he made his eſcape from Mr. Thomas Hanſon's, of Oxen hill, in Prince-George's county; he is about 25 years of age, very tall and ſlim, he was handcuffed, and the marks are probably on him; his intention, I believe, is for New-York, in hopes of his freedom. Whoever takes him up and brings him home ſhall have forty ſhillings, beſides what the law allows; ſhould he be committed to gaol, I hope the ſheriff will be ſo obliging as to give me notice, either by letter or publiſhing it in the Baltimore or Annapolis papers. If taken I would ſell him on very reaſonable terms, and on long credit.

SAMUEL HANSON.

Calvert county, October 15, 1783.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Calvert county, near Hunting-town, a yellow ſlave named EVINS, about 19 years of age, 4 feet 9 or 10 inches high, with a broad bending face; he had on an old oſnabrig ſhirt and trouſers, and took with him a new oſnabrig ſhirt and trouſers, and a new felt hat; he is the real property of Mr. Hillery Wilſon, of Calvert county, but he put him to me to learn the trade of a blackſmith, and has been with me near four years. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſlave, and ſecures him ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive four dollars reward, and all reaſonable charges if brought home, paid by

WILLIAM EDMONDS, blackſmith.

September 29, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

A PARCEL of land lying in Maryland, Montgomery county, on Patowmack-river, and on the branch commonly called the Muddy-branch, containing two hundred and thirty-six and a half acres; there is on this land room for two tenants cleared and in fence, and an exceeding good mill seat; the improvement inconsiderable; it is presumed a minute description of this land is unnecessary, as no doubt any person inclinable to purchase will view the land before they engage for it. If not sold before the 12th day of November next at private sale, it will on that day be set up to public sale, at the court-house in said county. Any person inclinable to purchase may know the terms and be shewn the land by applying to w3

SAMUEL H. [illegible]HEELER.

October 16, 1783.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC AUCTION, on Thursday the 20th of November, on the premises,

A VALUABLE tract of land, containing 400 acres, situated in Calvert county, on Patuxent-river, about a mile below the town of Lower Marlborough; the land is level, the soil very fertile, and exceedingly well adapted to the farming or planting business. This tract of land has the advantage of an excellent marsh which affords pasturage for a great number of cattle, and renders it peculiarly advantageous for breeding or grazing stock of any kind. There are also on the premises a sufficient quantity of low grounds which may be reclaimed at a small expence. The terms will be made known on the day of sale by

EDWARD [illegible]RIGG,
SAMUEL CA[illegible]BY,
THOMAS GANTT, 3d.

October 20, 1783.

To be SOLD to the highest bidder, on the premises, on Monday the 24th day of November next,

A TRACT of land, containing about 470 acres, situate on Patuxent-river, near Selby's landing, very convenient to a good fishing landing, and a good place for fowling; the soil is good, and produces the best tobacco, wheat, and Indian corn; 150 acres are wood land, well stocked with rail and other timber; belonging to this tract are some very valuable marsh and branches for meadows that may be easily reclaimed; the improvements on it are in good repair, and consist of a large elegant brick dwelling house, completely finished, a brick kitchen, a large stable with a hay loft, a store house, one barn, and two tobacco houses; and a variety of other convenient buildings; a large garden paled in, apple and peach orchards, and a variety of other fruit trees; it is a beautiful situation and commands an extensive view up and down the river. The title is indisputable. The purchaser may have possession next Christmas. One third of the purchase money to be paid down, one third in eight months, and the remaining third in two years from the day of sale. Bond with security to be given for what is not paid in hand. On the same day, and near the place, will be sold, between twenty and thirty likely negroes, before advertised in the Baltimore paper. w3

FIELDER BOWIE.

October 16, 1783.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Thursday the 20th day of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day, at the subscriber's plantation, near Edward Edwards's, at the Head of South-river, known by the name of White-Hall,

SUNDRY horses, consisting of good work horses, a valuable three quarters blooded mare, a fine filly got by Old Wildair, rising three years old. Six months credit will be given for the above horses, on bond with good security. Cattle, sheep, hogs, and plantation utensils, for cash or crop tobacco.

Likewise DOVE, a fine gray, upwards of 15 hands and an half high, was got by the noted old horse Dove, whose stock is well known for the turf, and none can excel for the road. Twelve months credit will be given for the above horse, on bond with good security. The sale to begin at 10 o'clock.

JOHN JOHNS.

Port-Tobacco, October 14, 1783.

To be RENTED for one year, and possession given the first day of December next,

THE houses and lot in Port-Tobacco, wherein the subscriber now keeps tavern; the house stands in a very public and convenient part of the town, fronting the court-house, and will answer very well for a tavern or store; there are all necessary buildings on the lot, with a large yard at the back of the house with a fine tree in it which affords a very agreeable shade in the summer, a large garden, two horse pens paled in, and a well of very good water (in the yard) with a pump in it. The rent will be as moderate as possible, which may be known by applying to w3

JOHN HALKERSTON.

Annapolis, October 18, 1783.

THE subscriber has lately removed into the house of Mr. Nathan Hammond, near the dock, and intends keeping private entertainment for gentlemen and their horses by the day; he also will take in gentlemen by the year, on reasonable terms. Those who please to favour him with their custom may depend on having good attendance by their humble servant, w3

JOSEPH WILKINS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a remonstrance will be offered by sundry inhabitants of Charles county, to the next general assembly, praying that no act may pass for condemning the lands belonging to the Roman catholic church, formerly intended to be laid out for a town by the reverend Mr. George Hunter, at the mouth of Port-Tobacco-creek, or for building a court-house thereon, or altering the place of holding the court for the said county.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-office, Annapolis, which if not taken up before the fifth day of January next, will be sent to the general post-office as dead letters.

JOHN ASHTON (2), Annapolis; John Anderson, Port-Tobacco; Joseph Anderson, Lyon's-creek; capt. Billey H. Avery, Prince-George's county.

James Brooke, Battle-creek; Joshua Brooke, Port-Tobacco; John Beale Bordley, Wye-river; John Brooke, jun. Calvert county; Mrs. Bacon, Worcester county; Edward Botelar, Leonard Brooke, Patuxent-river; Benedict Brice (2), Maryland; Robert Brent, John Brown, Charles county; James Biscoe, St. Mary's county; John Brown, Queen-Anne's county; capt. John S. Belt, Joseph Brewer, John Bullen, Edmond Brice (2), John Brice (2), Annapolis.

General Cadwalader, Kent county; Overton Carr, lieut. Joseph Cross or Dyson, Prince-George's county; Benedict Calvert, Bennet Chew, Samuel Chase (2), Jeremiah T. Chase (2), Commissioners of confiscated property, Nicholas Carroll, Annapolis; John Currie, Dr. John Cary, Charles county; Alexander Contee, David Carcaud (2), Patuxent; John Cowman, South-river; Samuel Chew, Herring-bay; Samuel Chamberlaine, Talbot county; Richard Carns, St. Mary's county; Anne Carey, Somerset county.

William Dixon (2), St. Mary's county; Walter Dent, near Piscataway; Henry Darnall, Benjamin Darnall, Pig-point; H. Desvignes, Richard Duckett, Prince-George's county; Charles Dowd, John Davidson, Dick, James, and Stewart (2), Annapolis.

Oliver Evans, Queen-Anne's county.

Ralph Foster, Prince-George's county; Alexander Frazier, Annapolis.

Richard Graves, Kent county; Thomas Gantt, sen. Prince-George's county; Thomas Gray, St. Leonard's-creek; John Galloway, Annapolis.

Capt. John Hughes, Herring-bay; Richard Hopkins (2), South-river; Samuel Hughes, Mount Pleasant; Jacob Hayward, Clement Holliday, Annapolis; Hannah Hawes, Thomas Holland, Calvert county; Nicholas Hammond, Dorchester county.

Rinaldo Johnson (2), Prince-George's county; Dr. Edward Johnson (2), Lower-Marlborough; Charles Frederick Jacobs, Annapolis; William Ireland, Hall's-creek.

James King, Allen's Fresh.

William Lyles, Hunting-creek.

James Mairs, care of the rev. Robert Smith; Jonathan Morgan, Margaret Morgan, Calvert county; Benjamin Mackall, Holland point; Benjamin Mackall, jun. Hunting-creek; Samuel Maynard, Walter Magowan, Herring-bay; Nicholas Martin, West-river; Isaac M'Hard, Annapolis.

Alice Nicholson, South-river.

John O'Neil, Charles county; Alexander Ogg, Hunting-town; Edward Osmond, Annapolis.

Richard Parran, St. Leonard's-creek; Thomas Pearson, South-river; John Price, Annapolis.

Allen Quynn, Dr. William Quynn, Annapolis.

Daniel Rawlings, St. Leonard's-creek; Kennet Reoch, Port-Tobacco; Edward Reynolds, Calvert county; William Richardson, Gilpin's-point; George Ranken, James Reith, col. Allen Ramsay, Thomas Rutland, John Rogers, Mons. Rose, Annapolis.

Major-general Smallwood; Speaker of the house of delegates, Maryland; William Sewell, Nicholas Sewell, Patuxent; Samuel Sharpe, Talbot county; William Stevenson, William and Nicholas Slubey, Chester town; Thomas Smith, Dorchester county; Peter Stokes, Herring-bay; Walter Smith, Calvert county; James Sewell, Hunting-creek; James Sims, Charles county; George Somervell, care of John Somervell; Henry Surthern, St. Mary's county; Sheriff of Prince-George's county.

Robert Tyler, Samuel Tyler, Queen-Anne; John Allen Thomas, St. Mary's county; Thomas Tongue, Herring-bay; Thomas Todd, Elk-Ridge landing; Adrien Teillier, Port-Tobacco; John Thomas, of William, Mouth of Patuxent; John Thomas, West-river; James Tootell, Annapolis.

Thomas Wright, CST. Wederstrandt (2), Queen-Anne's county; William Worthington, Magothy-river; Charles Wheeler, Old-Town; Benedict Wheeler, near Port-Tobacco; Richard Wills, sen. Portland-manor; John Weems, Mary Weems (2), George Wallace, Herring-bay; Burton Whetcroft, Annapolis.

F. GREEN, D. P. M.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

October 18, 1783.

RAN away from the subscriber, living five miles from Annapolis, one from South-river ferry, in Anne-Arundel county, on the 10th of July last, a likely slim, round headed, black young negro fellow, named WILL, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, stutters very much at times, especially in the word yes, he frequently will repeat the words that are said to him before he can say yes; had on a coarse country linen shirt, but by this time he may have cloaths of different sorts; as for his owning his name or master that need not be expected, as he will not speak the truth but by chance, and then seems sorry for it, but when talking in his own infernal way he will stand strait and look brazen, and do not contradict him and he will not stutter so bad. Whoever takes up and secures the said fellow, so that the owner may get him again, shall receive if one mile from home four dollars, if twelve miles six dollars, if thirty miles eight dollars, if farther and in the state ten dollars, if out of the state the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by tf

MORDECAI STEWART.

N. B. I have for sale 15 sheep, any one may have them all together. M. S.

Strawberry Hill, near Annapolis, October 7, 1783.

TAKEN up in the mouth of Patapsco-river, a painted boat, thirteen feet keel and five feet beam, supposed to belong to some ship. The owner on proving his property and paying charges, may have her from RICHARD SPRIGG.

October 6, 1783.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC vendue, on Saturday the 8th day of November next, at the late dwelling house of Thomas Elliott, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased,

SUNDRY horses, cattle, sheep, and hogs, household furniture, plantation utensils, and many other things too tedious to mention. The sale to begin at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. The said property to be sold for ready cash only, unless the creditors will attend with their claims properly attested, and take such persons as may purchase and discharge the subscribers from their claims.

CATHERINE ELLIOTT, admx.
DAVID STEUART, admr.

THE subscribers intend to prefer a petition to the general assembly of Maryland, after due notice, for an act to empower them to dispose of, at public vendue, so much of the real estate of Thomas Elliott, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, as will discharge the remaining part of his just debts.

CATHERINE ELLIOTT, admx.
DAVID STEUART, admr.

Annapolis, September [illegible], 1783.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber has received a power of attorney from Mr. James Russell, of London, to settle his affairs in this state. Those gentlemen who have claims against the said James Russell, are desired to apply to the subscriber; and the gentlemen who are indebted to Mr. Russell, are requested to settle their accounts and make payment to

JAMES CLERK.

October 8, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the inhabitants on South-river, and others living adjacent, intend petitioning the next general assembly, for a warehouse to inspect tobacco at a place on said river, commonly known by the name of the Land of Ease. w8

September 26, 1783.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT of land, containing 250 acres, lying on Red-Stone, state of Pennsylvania, adjoining Thomas Gist, on the Fort Pitt road; there are about 20 acres of the above land cleared, with 10 acres of meadow ground, and has on it a dwelling house, corn house, spring house, and stable; the soil is nearly equal to any in the country, lays remarkably level, exceedingly well watered and timbered, and within three miles of three grist-mills. Six months credit will be given, on bond with security on interest, for the purchase money. Any person inclinable to purchase may know the terms by applying to Samuel Lyon, sen. near the premises, or the subscriber near Piscataway.

THOMAS TRUNDLE.

Annapolis, October 28, 1783.

To be SOLD or HIRED, by the year or month,

A LIKELY stout young negro fellow, who understands plantation work, and is a tolerable good cook and cooper. Apply to

W. H. M'PHERSON.

Charles-town, Cæcil county, state of Maryland, October 6, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the inhabitants of Charles-town, and the neighbourhood thereof, intend to petition the next general assembly, for an act to empower some person or persons, inhabitants of said town, to sell what is commonly called the public ground, on the water, and every other public ground in said town, so that neither public or private property may be injured thereby. w8

Annapolis, Maryland, October 23, 1783.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the subscriber, on Monday night the 23d of September last, a BAY HORSE, thirteen hands high, six years old last spring, no brand, paces, trots, and gallops, has a white speck in his right eye next his ear, a small star in his forehead, and was shod all fours when he went away. Whoever secures said horse so that the subscriber may get him again, (or brings him home) if taken up within this state shall have four specie dollars reward, if out of the state eight dollars, and all reasonable charges, paid by JOHN LAYPOLD, in Baltimore, or the subscriber,

FREDERICK GRAMAR.

October 29, 1783.

ALL those indebted to the estate of George Wheeler, late of Calvert county, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment; and all those that have claims against the estate are desired to bring their accounts legally proved, that they may be paid. w3

EDWARD WHEELER, *admr.*

Herring-bay, September 18, 1783.

THE subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next session of the legislature of Maryland, for a law to authorise him to record a deed from John Birkhead and Anne his wife, of Baltimore-town, for part of two tracts of land called Wells and Little Wells, lying and being in Anne-Arundel county, in the state of Maryland, and to give the said deed equal force, validity, and effect, as if the same had been recorded within the time prescribed by law. RICHARD CHEW.

August 18, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that the subscribers intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly, for building a bridge near Salisbury, in Somerset county, where the bridge formerly stood.

JAMES HOUSTON,
WILLIAM HORSEY,
ROBERT DASHIELL,
WILLIAM DYMOCK,
STEPHEN CHRISTIFER,

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly, by Samuel Killam, and Samuel Treeburn, securities for John Long, late of Somerset county, deceased, for an act to enable them to expose to sale two tracts of land, called Hog-ridge and Wilson's purchase, for the purpose of discharging his debts.

London-town, October 15, 1783.

THE subscriber, being properly prepared for receiving a large quantity of hides and skins to tan and curry, takes this method of informing those who choose to favour him with their custom, that they may depend on being served with punctuality and care. All hides or skins not taken away within thirteen months after they are delivered, the owners must expect to forfeit half the leather for tanning the others; likewise those that I have received within this twelvemonth, if not taken away in two months from the date hereof, will fall under the same predicament.

EDWARD SEFTON.

N. B. I have for sale a quantity of negroes shoes ready made, which I will sell on reasonable terms; also a parcel of excellent sole leather. E. S.

Port-Royal, February 9, 1779.

UPWARDS of two years ago I was struck with a paralytic stroke, which affected me very much; it happened that I met with Mr. Logan, who promised to make a cure of my leg and arm, without any inward application, by applying a kind of ointment; I found in about a fortnight a great deal of relief in my right arm, knee, and ancle; from the anguish of the gout it continued rather longer than I expected. I write this for the good of mankind. EDWARD DIXON.

Gloucester county, April 14, 1779.

I HEREBY certify, that my wife has been bad with rheumatic pains these six years, and captain Whiton sent Mr. Logan to see her; when he came he said he could relieve her, and in three weeks time she was clear of all pains in her arms. This I write in behalf of Mr. Logan, as several doctors have had her in hand and did her no good.

EDWARD LAYTON.

Baltimore, August 6, 1779.

THIS is to certify, that Mr. Logan, of Annapolis, prescribed medicines for John Hayman, who was confined to his bed with the rheumatism for a long time, by which I was restored to perfect health.

JOHN HAYMAN.

Kent county, April 11, 1781.

MICHAEL EARLE, Esq; who had a white swelling for about sixteen years, was also restored to perfect health by Mr. Logan's medicine.

Prince-George's county, February 8, 1782.

A GENTLEMAN who had the piles and gravel for about sixteen years, was also restored to perfect health by Mr. Logan's medicine.

I ALSO relieve palsies, rheumatisms, gout, gravel, fluxes, contractions of the limbs, white swellings, dropsy, running ulcers, &c. &c. I will take patients at my own house, or elsewhere in Annapolis; but cannot attend any in the country, except such as are confined to their beds. Constant attendance will be given, by their very humble servant,

WILLIAM LOGAN.

A few Copies of the

LAWS,

Passed April Session 1783, may be had at the Printing Office.

October 3, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to petition the next general assembly, to remedy the defect in a deed of indemnity given me by James Leatch, of Calvert county, deceased, the same having been acknowledged only before one magistrate, whereas it is conceived there ought to have been two for real estates.

w8 MORDECAI SMITH.

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT two hundred acres of valuable land, situated and lying within three miles of Pig-Point, on Patuxent-river, the dwelling houses thereon are as completely finished and as convenient as any in the state; one orchard of a bearing year will turn out eight or ten thousand gallons of cider; a large quantity of meadow may be made at a small expence; a remarkable fine soil for tobacco. Any person inclinable to purchase the whole or part thereof, may be acquainted with the terms, and the premises may be viewed by applying to the subscriber on the premises.

w3 JOHN LANE, jun.

ALL those that are indebted to the estate of Jacob Lusby, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment, or they will be sued to November court.

ELIZABETH LUSBY, *admx.*

Annapolis, October 8, 1783.

To be SOLD, in West-street, near the town gate, cheap for cash,

WINDOW GLASS, 8 by 10, 9 by 11, 10 by 12, either by the box or small quantity; also glass tumblers, Barcelona handkerchiefs, striped hollands, linens, blankets, threads, winter stockings, loaf sugar, brown ditto, ladies whips, bohea tea, coffee, raisins, Jamaica spirits, rum, &c. &c. &c. by

ABRAHAM CLAUDE.

N. B. The watch and clock making business is carried on at said house, with the greatest care and punctuality, by

CLAUDE *and* FRENCH.

THE proprietors of the land at the upper end of the estate known by the name of the Indian-town, on Wiccomico-river, St. Mary's county, having determined to lay out forty acres of land for a town, Notice is hereby given, that sundry inhabitants of St. Mary's county, will petition the assembly at their next session, for a law to establish a warehouse for the inspection of tobacco on the land aforesaid.

Dorchester county, Aug. 31, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly for an act to enable him to open a road to his grist mill from the main road leading from New-Market to Vienna, and to be continued across to the main road leading from Cambridge to Vienna.

MICHAEL H. BONWILL.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Mr. Allen Bowie, senior, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, are requested to discharge their accounts immediately, and such as have claims are desired to send in their accounts legally proved, that they may be settled by

FIELDER BOWIE,
JOHN F. BOWIE, } *executors.*

TAKEN up as a stray by George Shelhammer, jun. living near Elk-Ridge, a black horse, not quite 13 hands high, a natural pacer, about 7 years old, he has a small star and several saddle spots, and seems to have been rubbed with the collar. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

w3

George-town, on Patowmak, September 18, 1783.

WHEREAS the subscriber's father, George Beall, devised him the following land, to wit: Part of a tract of land called and known by the name of the Rock of Dumbarton, being in Montgomery county; and the intention of the testator was to have devised this land to his heirs and assigns, but by an omission in writing in the said George Beall's last will and testament, those words were not inserted (to him and his heirs for ever): Notice is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the general assembly at their first session, after due publication hereof, to have the right in this land confirmed agreeable to the intension of the said testator.

w8 THOMAS BEALL, of George.

September 9, 1783.

WHEREAS Mr. Thomas Morton, my late husband, during our marriage, purchased several tracts of land within this state, and two or three in the state of Virginia, all which lands he had privately deeded to the sons of his first marriage, without the knowledge or consent of the subscriber, and that by his last will and testament he hath left me and four children destitute of house and home: This is therefore to give notice, that I intend petitioning the next general assembly for relief in the premises.

URSLEY MORTON.

TO BE SOLD,

THE subscriber's valuable plantation, situated on the north side of the river Severn, in Anne-Arundel county, about five miles from the city of Annapolis, containing two hundred and twenty-two acres of land, sixty whereof are cleared and under good fence, the rest well timbered, whereon are a genteel dwelling house and kitchen, with a passage twenty feet long adjoining the dwelling house, and several other valuable out-houses; likewise an apple and peach orchard, garden, and several springs of excellent water. The premises may be viewed by applying to Mr. Younger, living thereon. The title indisputable. Any person inclined to purchase may know the terms by applying to

RICHARD BURLAND.

THE subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of the state of Maryland, for an act for the recording a certificate of division of a parcel of land lying in Charles county, and known by the name of New Branford, which was the property of a certain Mary Pigeon, and divided amongst her several children by mutual consent, as may appear by the certificate the 13th day of September, 1767.

w8 JOSEPH MORTON.

October 6, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY valuable tract of land, situate and lying on the mouth of Winter's run, in Harford county, and containing upwards of four hundred acres. It is about twenty miles from Baltimore-town, about four from Harford-town, a mile from Abingdon, and about the same distance from the navigable waters of Bush river; the main road from Susquehannah, Harford-town, Abingdon, to Baltimore-town, passes through it. The soil and timber are equal to any in the state, and upwards of two hundred acres are a fine rich meadow bottom. There was formerly a mill built on part of this land, and there cannot be a more excellent mill seat; it requires only a dam of three feet to throw the whole stream of Winter's run into the mill-race, which is a large and never failing run of water. Five years credit will be given for the principal, bond to be given with good security, and the interest to be regularly and annually paid. For further particulars enquire of the subscribers, Aquila Paca, senior, at Annapolis, and Aquila Paca, junior, in Harford county. The sale to be the first day of December next, at Harford-town.

A. PACA, sen.
A. PACA, jun.

APPLICATION will be made to the general assembly at the ensuing session, for the said assembly to take the legal steps to vacate a patent granted, in pursuance of a resolve of last session, to William Read, of Queen-Anne's county; the said patent including about 300 acres of manor land purchased of the state by the subscriber in the month of January, 1782. This resolve, it is conceived, was passed without due consideration, the legislature not having full information on the subject, and was meant to convey only a small slip of reserved land contiguous to the manor.

w8 G. DUVALL.

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